The History of Computing in 50 Books

Minor Gordon, PhD mail@minorgordon.net minorgordon.net/hc50b

Introduction

My background:

- Software developer
- Studied computer science
- Passionate about history

History: > 20 years ago

Books in UHLS

"Clothing Clues: How Fashion Can Help You Date Historical Photographs" (10/1 @ 6:00 PM)



A <u>Jacquard loom</u> showing information punchcards (1800s)
Photo © Wikipedia user Stephencdickson
CC BY-SA 4.0

Keith Houston: Empire of the Sum

History of calculating devices

- Abacus
- Slide rule
- Mechanical calculators
- Electronic calculators



Curta Type 11 mechanical computer (1948)
Photo © Wikipedia user Prioryman
CC BY-SA 4.0

Charles Petzold: The Lost Art of Logarithms (in progress)



Portrait of <u>John Napier</u>, discoverer of logarithms and popularizer of the decimal point in mathematics

Photo in public domain

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Page from <u>John Napier</u>'s

Mirifici logarithmorum canonis descriptio (1614)

Photo in public domain

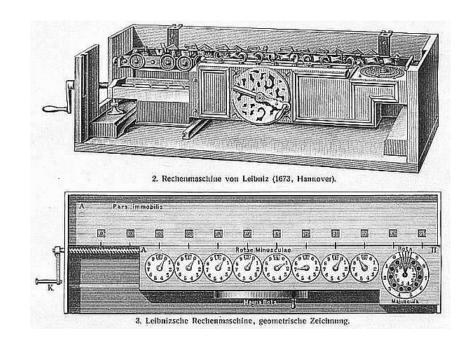


Buzz Aldrin with slide rule and pipe during Gemini 12 mission (1966) Photo in public domain

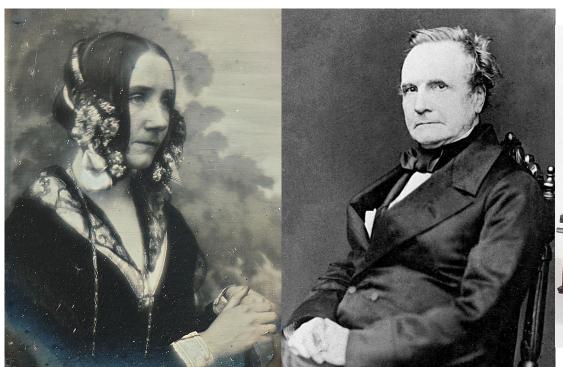
Neal Stephenson: the Baroque Cycle

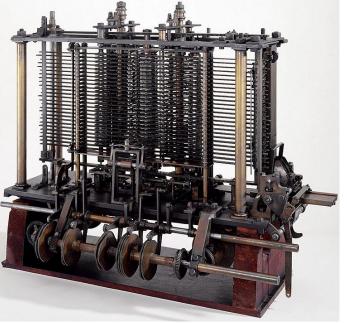
It is unworthy of excellent men to lose hours like slaves in the labour of calculation which could safely be relegated to anyone else if machines were used.

Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz



Sydney Padua: Thrilling Adventures of Lovelace and Babbage





Ada Lovelace Photo in public domain

<u>Charles Babbage</u> Photo in public domain

Analytical engine
Photo © Wikipedia user Mrjohncummings
CC BY-SA 2.0

<u>Charles Petzold: Computer of the Tides (in progress)</u>

Special-purpose analog computer designed by William Thomson (Lord Kelvin).

Thomson was convinced that the world was not old enough for evolution by means of natural selection to occur. He spent the last 40 years of his life in an obsessive quest to establish the age of the earth, and believed that the tides provided a vital clue.



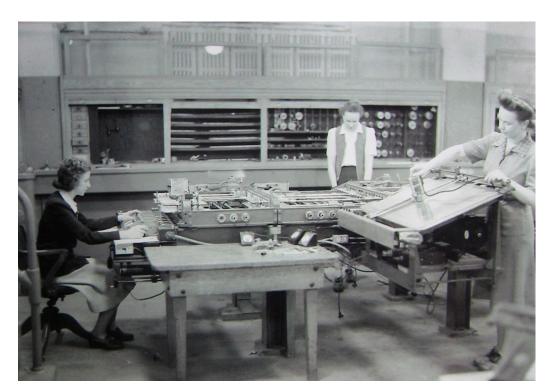
<u>Tide-predicting machine</u> (1872-73)

Photo © Wikipedia user William M. Connolley

CC BY-SA 3.0

Vannevar Bush: Pieces of the Action

- Differential analyzer built at MIT, 1928-1931
- "Incorporates the same basic idea of interconnection of integrating units as did [Lord Kelvin's]."
- Claude Shannon ran the differential analyzer in Bush's lab.

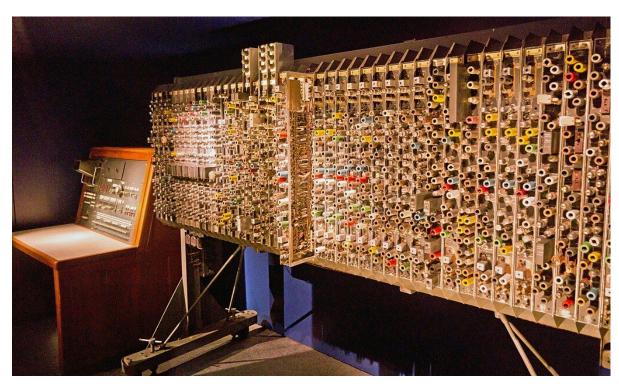


<u>Differential analyser</u> (1942-1945) Photo in public domain

Andrew Hodges: Alan Turing: The Enigma



Alan Turing in 1951 Photo in public domain



Pilot ACE (<u>Automatic Computing Engine</u>) at the National Physical Laboratory (1950)

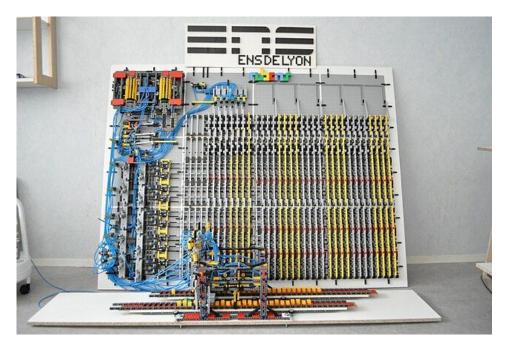
Photo © Antoine Taveneaux

CC BY-SA 3.0

Charles Petzold: The Annotated Turing

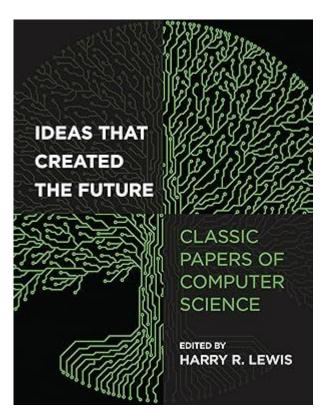
A Guided Tour Through Alan Turing's Historic Paper on Computability and the Turing Machine

Annotation and contextualization of Alan Turing's paper "On Computable Numbers, with an Application to the Entscheidungsproblem" (1936)



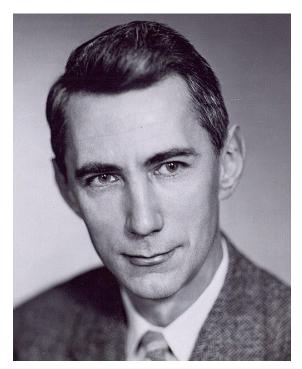
A <u>Turing machine</u> realization using Lego pieces Photo © Project Rubens, ENS Lyon CC BY 3.0

Harry R. Lewis (ed.): Ideas That Created the Future



- Boole: "An Investigation of the Laws of Thought" (1854)
- Turing: "On Computable Numbers..." (1936)
- Shannon: "A Symbolic Analysis of Relay and Switching Circuits" (1936)
- McCulloch/Pitts: "A Logical Calculus of the Ideas Immanent in Nervous Activity" (1943)
- von Neumann: "First Draft of a Report on the EDVAC" (1945)
- Bush: "As We May Think" (1945)

Jimmy Soni and Rob Goodman: A Mind at Play

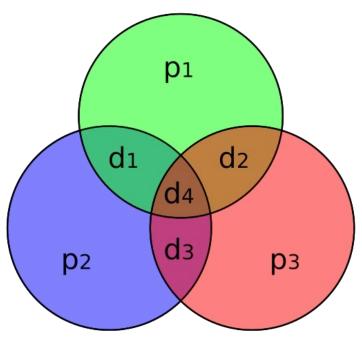


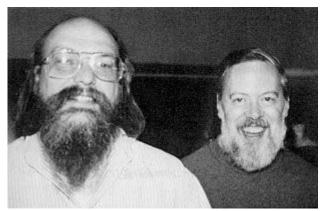
Claude Shannon
Photo © Tekniska Museet
CC BY 2.0



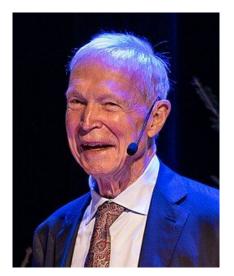
Theseus Maze (1952) CC0

Jon Gertner: The Idea Factory: the Bell Labs and the Great Age of American Innovation





Ken Thompson and Dennis Ritchie
Photo in public domain



John Hopfield Photo © Arthur Petron CC BY-SA 4.0

Raúl Rojas and Ulf Hashhagen: The First Computers

Focuses on the actual architectures of the first electronic computers

Also see:

- Blaauw and Brooks:
 Computer Architecture:
 Concepts and Evolution
- Hennessy and Patterson:
 Computer Architecture



Raúl Rojas: Konrad Zuse's Early Computers



Konrad Zuse in 1992 Photo © Wolfgang Hunscher CC BY-SA 3.0

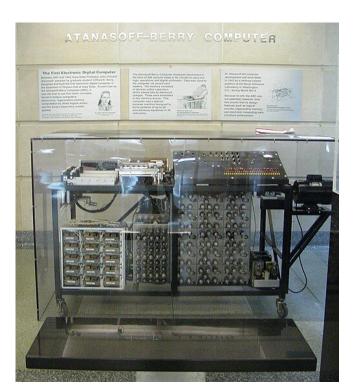


Replica of the <u>Zuse Z3</u> at the Deutsches Museum (original destroyed in 1943)
The world's first programmable, fully automatic digital computer (still electromechanical)
Photo © Wikipedia user Venusianer CC BY-SA 3.0

Jane Smiley: The Man Who Invented the Computer

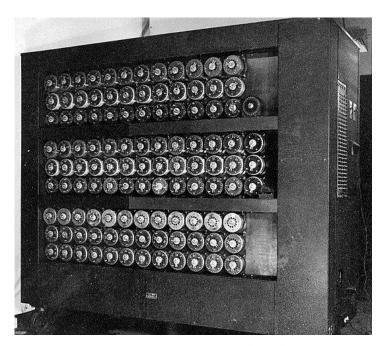


John Atanasoff Photo © Eye Steel Film CC BY 2.0

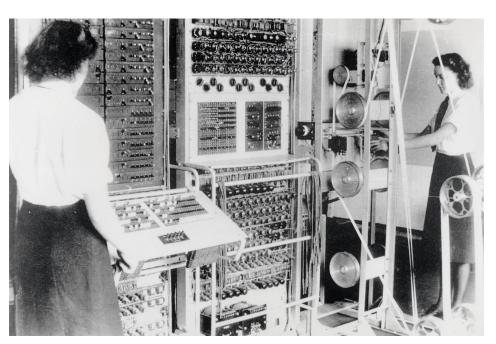


Replica of the <u>Atanasoff–Berry computer</u> (1939) at Iowa State University
Photo © Wikipedia user Manop
CC BY-SA 3.0

David Price: Geniuses at War



A <u>Bletchley Park Bombe</u> (1940) Photo in public domain



A <u>Colossus Mark 2 computer</u> (1944) being operated by <u>Wrens</u> Photo in public domain

Neal Stephenson: Cryptonomicon



Military Model Enigma I (1930–)
Photo in public domain



Captured German <u>U-boats</u> outside their pen at Trondheim in Norway, May 1945 Photo in public domain

David Kahn: The Codebreakers - The Story of Secret Writing

Comprehensive history of cryptography from ancient Egypt to the time of its writing (1967)

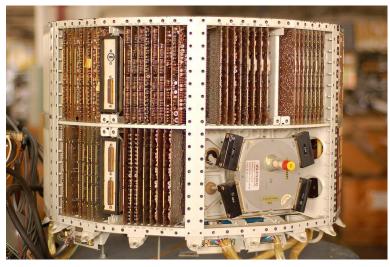
Also see James Bamford's The Puzzle Palace and its sequels



Purple analog equipment in use (~1944) at the U.S. Army Signal Intelligence Service during WWII Photo in public domain

John Alderman: Core Memory: A Visual Survey of Vintage Computers





Semi-Automatic Ground Environment (SAGE) console (1958 –)
Photo © Joi Ito
CC BY 2.0

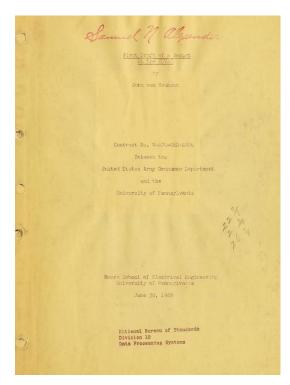
Martin Campbell-Kelly, et al.: Computer

Eckert's standards were the highest, his energies almost limitless, his ingenuity remarkable, and his intelligence extraordinary. From start to finish it was he who gave the project its integrity and ensured its success. This is of course not to say that the ENIAC development was a one-man show. It was most clearly not. But it was Eckert's omnipresence that drove everything forward at whatever cost to humans including himself.



J. Presper Eckert (center), co-designer of the UNIVAC, and Harold Sweeny of the US Census Bureau at the console of the UNIVAC, with Walter Cronkite (r.) during Presidential election night, 1952 Photo in public domain

William Aspray: John von Neumann and the Origins of Modern Computing



w" for a+x = v = u w" for a+x s v s u W" for a+x 5 v < a+x+ h Wy otherwise a, l, h, x FIGURE 12.1

Hardware: title page of <u>First Draft of a Report on the EDVAC</u> (1945)

Photo in public domain

George Dyson: Turing's Cathedral



<u>Julian Bigelow, Herman Goldstine, J. Robert Oppenheimer</u>, and <u>John von Neumann</u> at the Institute for Advanced Study in front of early computer <u>MANIAC</u> (1952)

Photo © Wikipedia user Ibigelow CC BY-SA 3.0

Joel Shurkin: Broken Genius



<u>John Bardeen</u>, <u>William Shockley</u>, and <u>Walter Brattain</u> (1948) Photo in the public domain

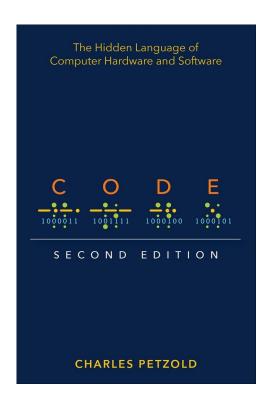
The traitorous eight (1957):

- Julius Blank
- Victor Grinich
- Jean Hoerni
- Eugene Kleiner
- Jay Last
- Gordon Moore
- Robert Noyce
- Sheldon Roberts

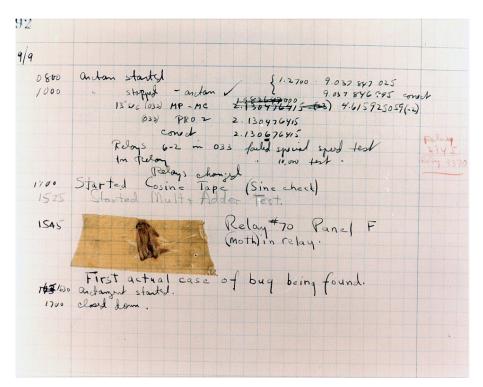
Charles Petzold: Code

The Hidden Language of Computer Hardware and Software

The best single-volume introduction to what code is and how it works



Kurt Beyer: Grace Hopper and the Invention of the Information Age



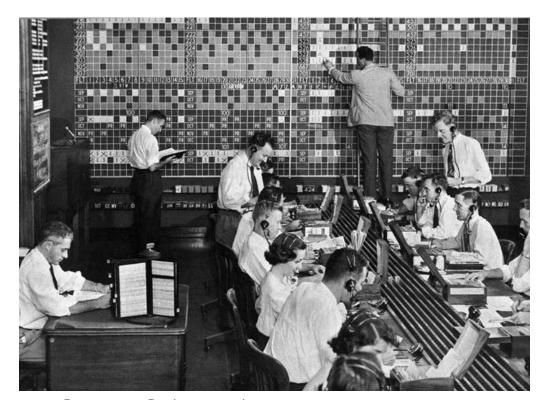
Log book showing the "bug" found caught in a Mark II relay
Photo in public domain



Grace Hopper at the <u>UNIVAC I</u> console, c. 1960 Photo © Wikipedia user Jan Arkesteijn CC BY 2.0

Martin Campbell-Kelly: From Airline Reservations to Sonic the Hedgehog

Best single-volume history of the software industry



Pre-computer PanAm reservation room

From D. G. Copeland, R. O. Mason and J. L. McKenney, "Sabre: the development of information-based competence and execution of 27 information-based competition," in IEEE Annals of the History of Computing, vol. 17, no. 3, pp. 30-57, Fall 1995.

Lance Fortnow: The Golden Ticket

P, NP, and the Search for the Impossible

An introduction to computational complexity theory and the history of its development



Traveling salesman problem Image in public domain

Margot Lee Shetterly: Hidden Figures



<u>Katherine Johnson</u> working at the Spacecraft Controls Branch of NASA (1966) Photo in public domain



Mary Jackson working at the Langley Research Center (1977) Photo in public domain

Dean Robbins: Margaret and the Moon



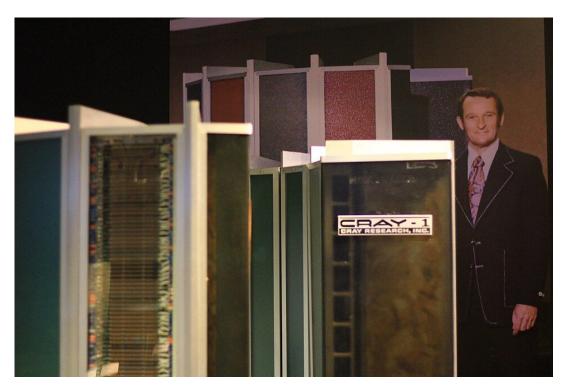
Margaret Hamilton, standing next to listings of the Apollo guidance software she and her MIT team produced (1969)

Photo in public domain



Apollo Guidance Computer and DSKY interface Photo in public domain

Charles Murray: The Supermen



Seymour Cray with a Cray-1 (1975)
Photo © Michael Hicks
CC BY 2.0



Cray X-MP (1982)
Photo © Wikipedia user Vcarceler
CC BY-SA 3.0

Tracy Kidder: The Soul of a New Machine



<u>Data General Eclipse C/330</u> (1974) Photo © Computer History Museum CC BY-SA 2.0



VAX 11/780 (1977) Photo in the public domain

Mitchell Waldrop: The Dream Machine



J. C. R. Licklider

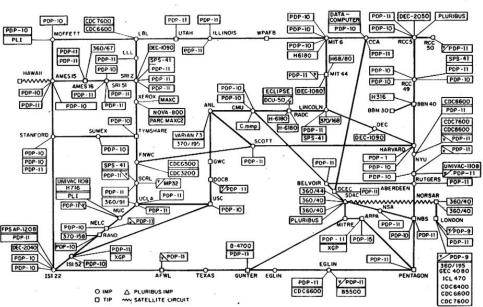
Photo in the public domain

- SAGE system
- "Man-Computer Symbiosis"
- Director of ARPA Information
 Processing Techniques Office (1962)
 - SRI/Engelbart
 - Time-sharing systems
 - "Intergalactic Computer Network"

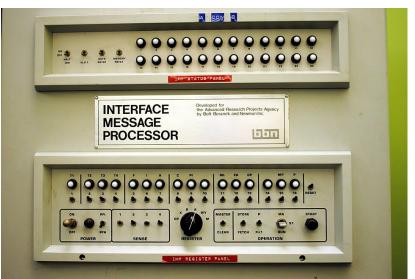
Insofar as today's interactive style of computing can be said to have a single parent, that parent was Licklider. The reason for his achievement was that he was a psychologist first and a computer scientist second. (Campbell-Kelly et al., Computer)

Katie Hafner: Where Wizards Stay Up Late

ARPANET LOGICAL MAP, MARCH 1977



(PLEASE NOTE THAT WHILE THIS MAP SHOWS THE HOST POPULATION OF THE NETWORK ACCORDING TO THE BEST INFORMATION OF STAINBLE, NO CLAIM CAN BE MADE FOR ITS ACCURACY)
NAMES SHOWN ARE IMP NAMES, NOT INECESSARILY HOST NAMES



Interface Message Processor front panel
Photo © Wikipedia user FastLizard4
CC BY-SA 3.0

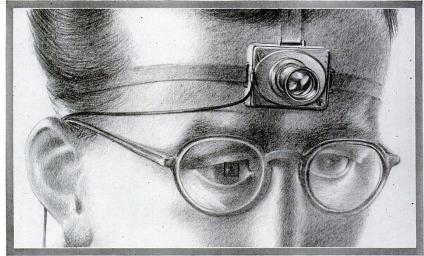
John Markoff: What the Dormouse Said

How the Sixties
Counterculture
Shaped the Personal
Computer Industry



Stewart Brand in 2020 Photo © Christopher Michel CC BY 2.0

Ted Nelson: Possiplex



ASSIGNATED OF THE HITTING PECONOS EXPERIMENTS WITH A TINY CAMEDA RITTED WITH HINTOFESAL COLLS FINS. THE SMALL SQUARE IN THE FYRILASS AT THE LEFT SIGNATS THE ORIGINAL COLLS FINS.

AS WE MAY THINK

A TOP U.S. SCIENTIST FORESEES A POSSIBLE FUTURE WORLD IN WHICH MAN-MADE MACHINES WILL START TO THINK



Ted Nelson in 2011
Photo © Wikipedia user Dgies
CC BY-SA 3.0

Michael Hiltzik: Dealers of Lightning



Alan Kay holding a prototype of the <u>Dynabook</u>
Photo © Marcin Wichary
CC BY 2.0



Xerox Alto computer (1973) Photo in the public domain

Steven Levy: Insanely Great



Apple IIe (1977)
Photo © All About Apple museum
CC BY-SA 3.0

Apple Lisa (1983)
Photo © Timothy Colegrove
CC BY-SA 4.0

Apple Macintosh (1984)
Photo © All About Apple museum
CC BY-SA 2.5

Steven Levy: Hackers

2/17/75

AMATEUR COMPUTER USERS GROUP HOMEBREW COMPUTER CLUB . . . you name it.

Are you building your own computer? Terminal? T V Typewriter? I/O device? or some other digital black-magic box?

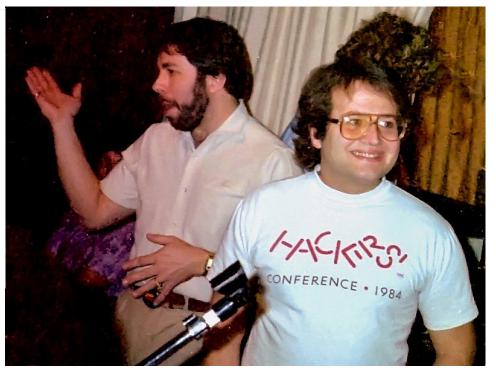
Or are you buying time on a time-sharing service?

If so, you might like to come to a gathering of people with like-minded Exchange information, swap ideas, talk shop, help work on a project, whatever . . .

We are getting together Wednesday nite, March 5th, 7 pm at the home of Gordon French 614 18th Ave., Menlo Park (near Marsh Road).

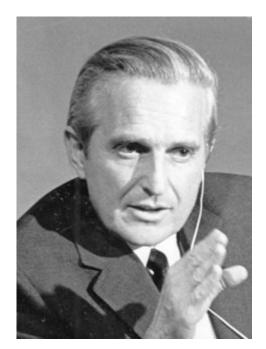
If you can't make it this time, drop us a card for the next meeting.

Hope you can come. See ya there, and Moore There will be other Altair builders there.



Steve Wozniak and Andy Hertzfeld (1985) Photo © Tony Wills CC BY-SA 3.0

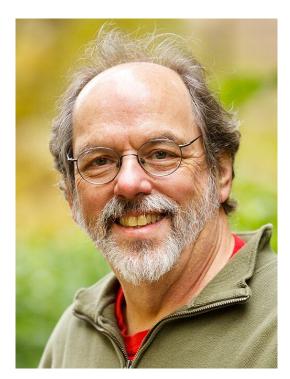
Walter Isaacson: The Innovators



<u>Douglas Engelbart</u> (1968) Photo © SRI International CC BY-SA 3.0

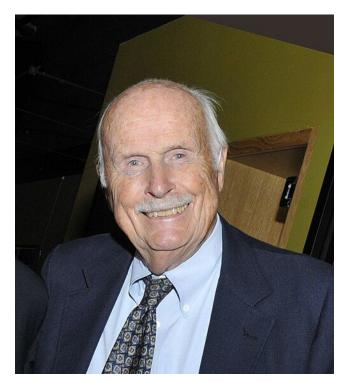


Leonard Kleinrock in 2023
Photo © Wikipedia user TippyZora
CC BY-SA 4.0



Ward Cunningham in 2011 Photo © Carrigg Photography CC BY-SA 3.0

Leslie Berlin: *Troublemakers*

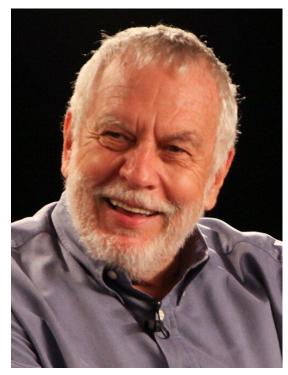


Niels Reimers in 2016 Photo © Science History Institute CC BY-SA 3.0

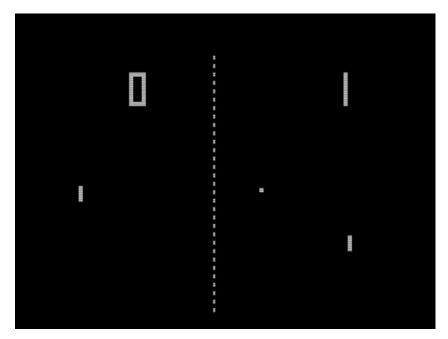


Steve Jobs receives a \$250,000 check from Mike Markkula,
Apple's first angel investor (1977)
Photo © Apple Wiki
CC BY-SA

David Kushner: Easy to Learn, Difficult to Master



Nolan Bushnell in 2013 Photo © Tech Cocktail CC BY-SA 2.0

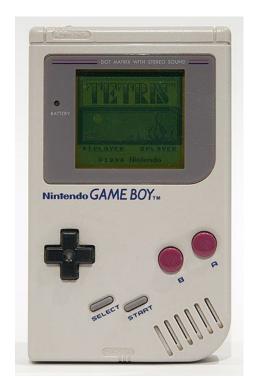


<u>Pong</u>, designed by <u>Al Alcorn</u> for <u>Atari</u> (1972) Image in public domain

Box Brown: Tetris: The Games People Play



Alexey Pajitnov in 2008 Photo © Jordi Sabaté CC BY 2.0



Tetris on a Nintendo Game Boy (1989)
Photo © William Warby
CC BY 2.0

Brian Bagnall: Commodore: A Company on the Edge



Commodore Educator 64 (1984)
Photo © Marcin Wachary
CC BY 2.0



Jaron Lanier: Dawn of the New Everything



Jaron Lanier in 2010 Photo © JD Lasica CC BY 2.0



<u>VPL Research</u> DataSuit (1989) Photo in public domain



Nintendo Power Glove (1989) "It's so bad" Photo in public domain

Cyberpunk novels

John Brunner:

The Shockwave Rider (1975)

William Gibson:

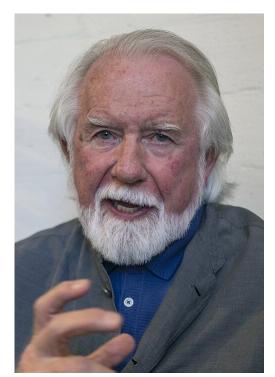
Neuromancer (1984)

Neal Stephenson:

Snow Crash (1992)



Adam Fisher: Valley of Genius



Alvy Ray Smith in 2019 Photo © Christopher Michel CC BY-SA 4.0



Edwin Catmull in 2015 Photo © Web Summit CC BY 2.0



Pixar Image Computer (1983)
Photo © Wikipedia user Victorgrigas
CC BY-SA 3.0

Michael Lewis: The New New Thing



Jim Clark in 2013 Photo © Wikipedia user Knnkanda CC BY-SA 3.0

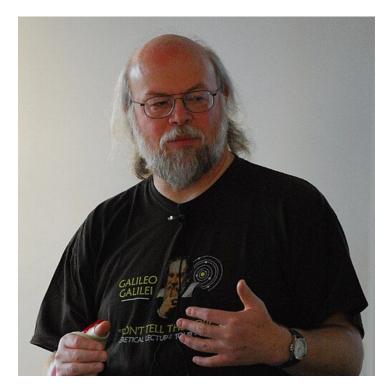


Marc Andreessen in 2004 Photo © JD Lasica CC BY 2.0

Christopher Tozzi: For Fun and Profit



Richard Stallman in 2009 Photo © Gisle Hannemyr CC BY-SA 2.0



James Gosling in 2008 Photo © Peter Campbell CC BY-SA 4.0

Q&A

Minor Gordon, PhD mail@minorgordon.net minorgordon.net/hc50b



Bret Victor, "Roots" book collection